

Identifying Vitamin D₂ and D₃ and their 25-OH Metabolites and C3 Epimers in a Single LC-MS Run



Ken Tseng¹ (ken@nacalaiusa.com), Toshi Ono¹, Tsunehisa Hirose², Daniel Keck²

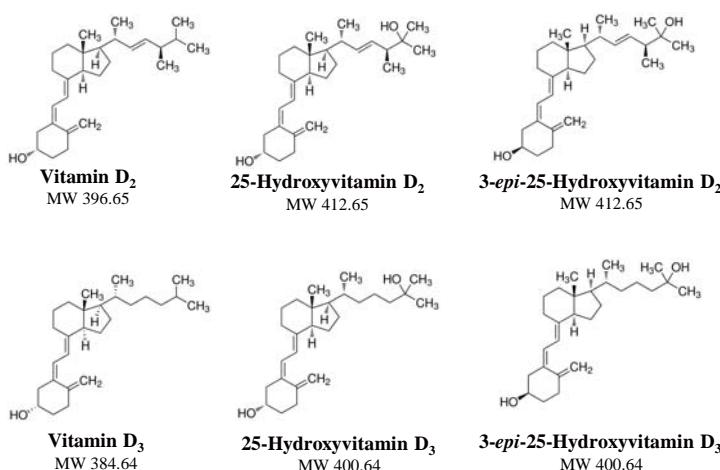
¹Nacalai USA, Inc., San Diego, United States, ² Nacalai Tesque, Inc., Kyoto, Japan

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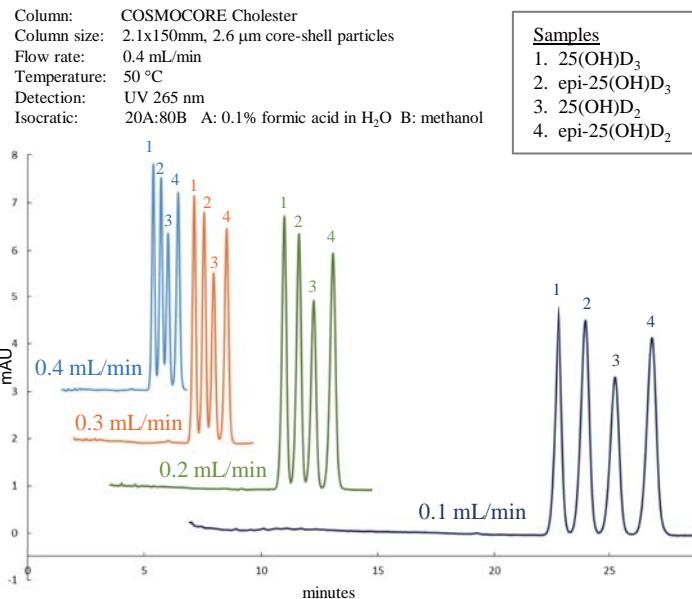
Introduction

The accuracy of current vitamin D measurements by immunoassays and LC-MS have been questioned due to overlapping LC peaks with identical m/z values for epimers. To solve this problem, we have developed a new HPLC method to achieve baseline separation of vitamin D₂/D₃ and their 25-OH metabolites and C3-epimers in one single run. A novel core-shell type reversed-phase HPLC column with cholesterol as the functional group (Cosmocore Cholester) was used in this study. The Cosmocore Cholester column has similar hydrophobicity to C₁₈ columns, but has better steric selectivity. The baseline separation is so complete that it can be used for quantification by UV detector alone at low concentrations. Gradient conditions can be employed to further separate vitamin D₂/D₃ and their four metabolites/epimers, all in one LC-MS (or UV) run.

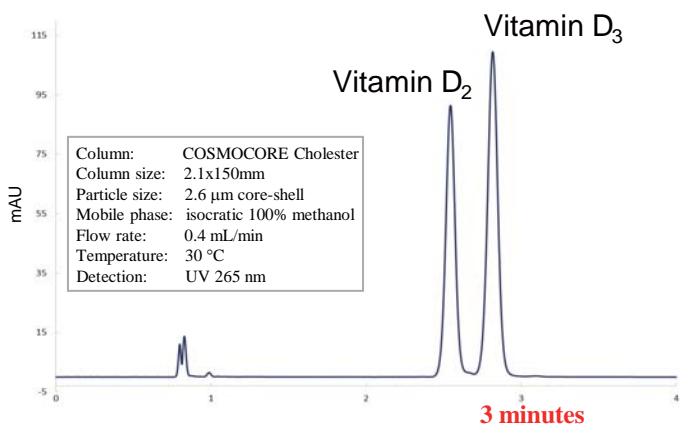
Vitamin D Structures



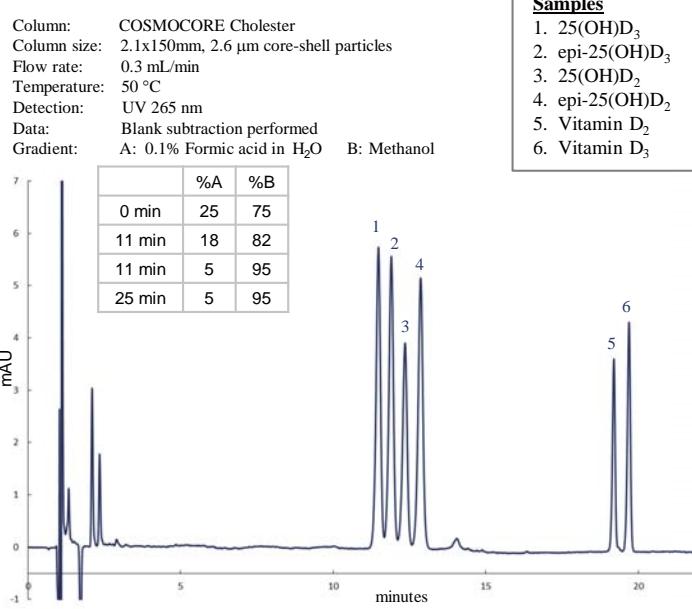
Metabolite and Epimer Separation – Flow Rate Comparison



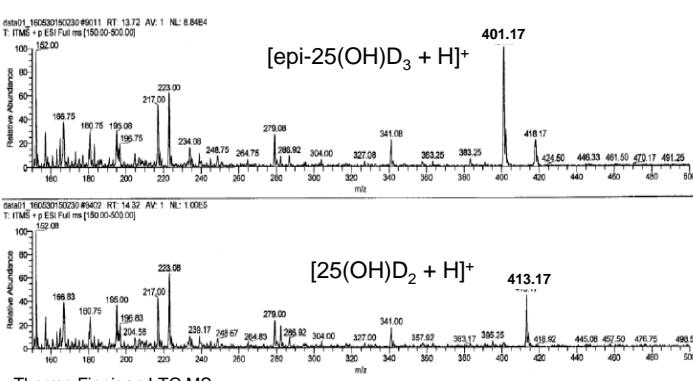
Vitamin D Separation



Vitamin D, Metabolite, and Epimer Separation



Vitamin D Metabolite and Epimer LC-MS Data



Conclusions

- Vitamin D₂ and D₃ isocratic separation under 3 minutes using 100% MeOH
- 25(OH) Vitamin D₂ and D₃ metabolites and C-3 epimers were baseline separated under isocratic conditions
- All six vitamin D and associated metabolites were separated in a single HPLC gradient run