

Identifying vitamins D2/D3 and their 25-OH metabolites and C3 epimers in a single LC-MS run



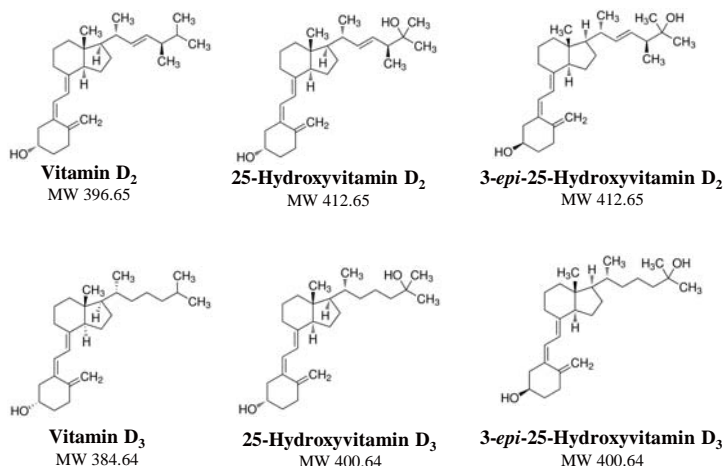
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Introduction

The accuracy of current vitamin D measurements by immunoassays and LC-MS have been questioned due to overlapping LC peaks with identical m/z values for epimers. To solve this problem, we have developed a new HPLC method to achieve baseline separation of vitamin D₂/D₃ and their 25-OH metabolites and C3-epimers in one single run. A novel core-shell type reversed-phase HPLC column with cholesterol as the functional group (Cosmocore Cholester) was used in this study. The Cosmocore Cholester column has similar hydrophobicity to C₁₈ columns, but has better steric selectivity. The baseline separation is so complete that it can be used for quantification by UV detector alone at low concentrations. Gradient conditions can be employed to further separate vitamin D₂/D₃ and their four metabolites/epimers, all in one LC-MS (or UV) run.

Vitamin D Structures

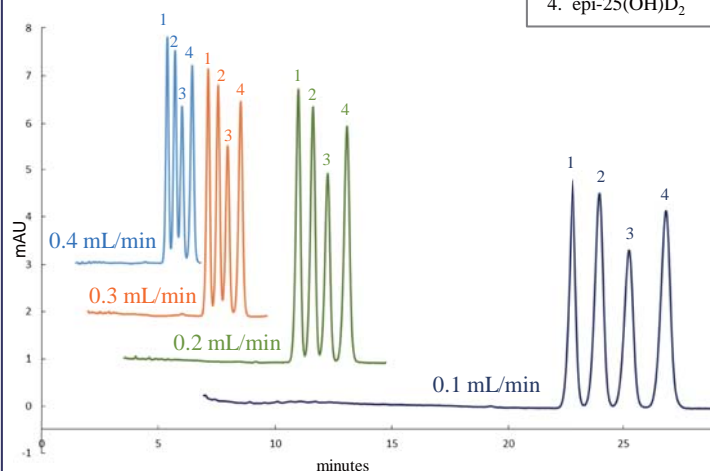


Metabolite and Epimer Separation – Flow Rate Comparison

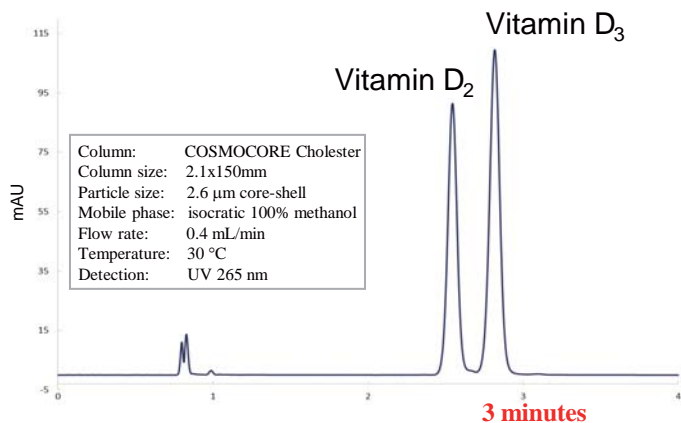
Column: COSMOCORE Cholester
 Column size: 2.1x150mm, 2.6 μm core-shell particles
 Flow rate: 0.4 mL/min
 Temperature: 50 °C
 Detection: UV 265 nm
 Isocratic: 20A:80B A: 0.1% formic acid in H₂O B: methanol

Samples

- 25(OH)D₃
- epi-25(OH)D₃
- 25(OH)D₂
- epi-25(OH)D₂



Vitamin D Separation

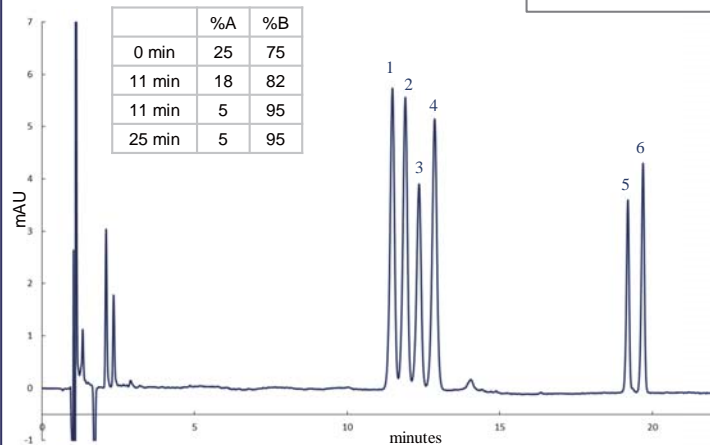


Vitamin D, Metabolite, and Epimer Separation

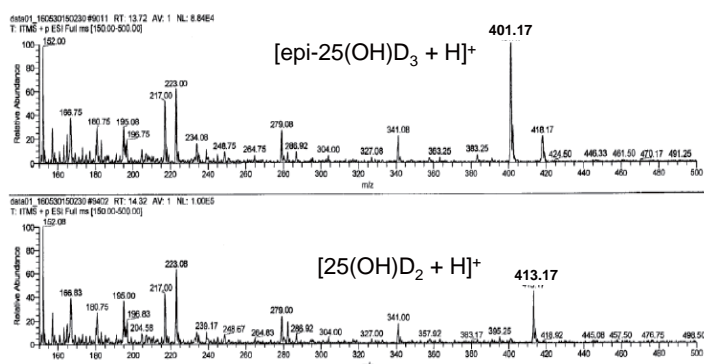
Column: COSMOCORE Cholester
 Column size: 2.1x150mm, 2.6 μm core-shell particles
 Flow rate: 0.3 mL/min
 Temperature: 50 °C
 Detection: UV 265 nm
 Data: Blank subtraction performed
 Gradient: A: 0.1% Formic acid in H₂O B: Methanol

Samples

- 25(OH)D₃
- epi-25(OH)D₃
- 25(OH)D₂
- epi-25(OH)D₂
- Vitamin D₂
- Vitamin D₃



Vitamin D Metabolite and Epimer LC-MS Data



Thermo Finnigan LTQ MS
 ESI positive mode, same HPLC condition as shown in UV
 MS spectra obtain by BioPharmaDev, Corona, CA

Conclusions

- Vitamin D₂ and D₃ isocratic separation under 3 minutes using 100% MeOH
- 25(OH) Vitamin D₂ and D₃ metabolites and C-3 epimers were baseline separated under isocratic conditions
- All six vitamin D and associated metabolites were separated in a single HPLC gradient run